



Ministerie van Onderwijs, Cultuur en Wetenschap

Measures improving completion in higher education in the Netherlands

Marjolijn van der Klis Rutger Kappe

Ministry of Education, Culture and Sciences & InHolland University of Applied Sciences

Vienna, 24 September 2015

### Outline presentation

Measures improving completion in Dutch higher education:

- 1. Performance agreements
- 2. Social lending system
- 3. Each student in right place (Quality in Diversity)
- 4. Matching
- 5. Enrolment date: large effect
- 6. Matching approaches and first results
- 7. Other types of measures to improve completion

### 1. Performance Agreements (PA)

- Performance Agreements made with individual HEI's (2013-2016)
- 7% of funding of HEI is Performance Based Funding
- Study success criteria: completion rates, drop out rates, study switch
- Improvement of educational quality
- HEI's apply measures optionally according to institutional vision and goals
- Focus on transparency and accountability towards stakeholders
- Trilemma: entry (level) of students + quality of education + completion rate
- National debate: too much focus on efficiency and output oriented policy making



### 2. Social Lending System

- Recently introduced in September 2015
- Rationale: invest the same budget directly into the quality of education
- Key criterion: financial access to higher education must be secured
- Basic grant abolished. Instead:
- Full social lending system by government for all students
- Income-linked supplementary grants
- Indirect effect: social lending system can lead to higher completion rates
- Expected effects: short term long term



### 3. Each student in right place (Quality in Diversity)

New law contains large number of measurements aimed at a futuresustainable higher educational system

- Providing more diversity by allowing more profiling and more differentiation
- Raising the bar (a stricter study climate)
- 'Each student in the right place'
- Goal: Dutch higher education to be among the top 5 of the world
- For instance:
  - Early subscription (before May 1<sup>st</sup>)
  - Matching / Study choice check
  - Broad spectrum Bachelors





### 4. Matching

- 2013-2014: all bachelor's can introduce a compulsory 'matching' procedure
- This matching procedure runs before the start of the academic year
- Enrolment date to May 1th to enable HEI's to organize matching activities
- Matching should enable student and institutions to check that the correct choice of study has been made
- Form, content, obligation to participate: to be determined by institutions
- Participation includes an advice (recommendation if enrolled before 1th May)
- Students have a legal right to participate in a matching activity

# **Ministry of Education**Directorate of Higher Education



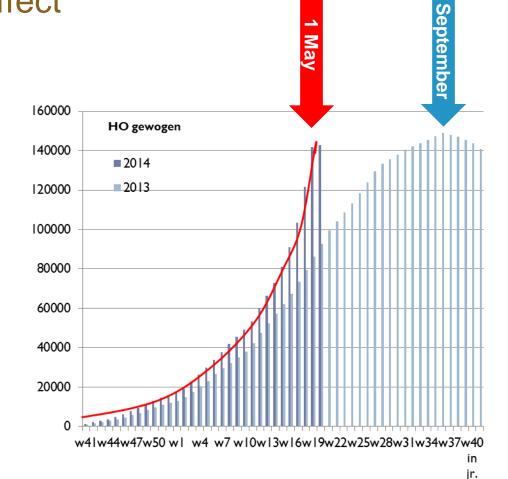


## 5. Enrolment date: large effect

Request to enrol made before 1 May: student keep right to admission, provided other conditions are met

Request to enrol made after 1 May: no right to admission right,
HE institution decides

Student can change his/her study choice (in case there is no 'match')







### 6. Matching approaches of HEI's

- •Different approaches, from online (10 minutes) to few days at Uni
- At most HEI participation is obligatory
- Late enrolment advice is often binding

Joint research of 6 HEI's show

- Students are very positive (once they participated!)
- Teachers are also positive
- •First effects are small drop out, amount of credits

Future research will compare 6 different Matching approaches (Dec. 2015)





### 7. Other types of measures to improve completion

Both carrot and stick measures. For instance:

- Binding study advise (BSA)
- Experimental BSA in 2<sup>nd</sup> year
- Matching
- Improving transition
- Mentoring and coaching
- Summer schools





#### References

Full report Quality in diversity

http://www.government.nl/ministries/ocw/documents-and-publications/reports/2012/08/30/quality-in-diversity.html

Contact details:

m.vanderklis@minocw.nl rutger.kappe@inholland.nl or f.r.kappe@vu.nl